## Forxiga (dapagliflozin) $\mathbf{5 m g}$ should no longer be used for the treatment of Type 1 Diabetes Mellitus

Dear Healthcare Professional,
AstraZeneca, in agreement with the European Medicines Agency and the Malta Medicines Authority, would like to inform you of the following:

## Summary

- Effective 250ct2021, Forxiga (dapagliflozin) 5 mg is no longer authorised for the treatment of patients with type 1 diabetes mellitus (T1DM) and should no longer be used in this population. This is based on Astra Zeneca's decision to remove the T1DM indication for dapagliflozin $5 \mathbf{m g}$.
- Diabetic ketoacidosis (DKA) is a known side effect of dapagliflozin. In T1DM studies with dapagliflozin, DKA was reported with common frequency (occurring in at least 1 per 100 patients).
- Additional risk minimisation measures for healthcare professionals and patients, implemented to mitigate the risk of DKA with the use of dapagliflozin in T1DM will no longer be available.
- Discontinuation of dapagliflozin in patients with T1DM must be made by or in consultation with a physician specialised in diabetes care and be conducted as soon as clinically practical.
- After stopping dapagliflozin treatment, frequent blood glucose monitoring is recommended, and the insulin dose should be increased carefully to minimise the risk of hypoglycaemia.


## Background information

Dapagliflozin 5 mg should no longer be used for the treatment of patients with T1DM as an adjunct to insulin in patients with BMI $\geq 27 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m} 2$, when insulin alone does not provide adequate glycaemic control despite optimal insulin therapy.

AstraZeneca has taken the decision to remove the T1DM indication for dapagliflozin. Other dapagliflozin 5 mg and 10 mg indications are not affected by this licensing change. Dapagliflozin remains authorised in adults for the treatment of type 2 diabetes mellitus, for the treatment of symptomatic chronic heart failure with reduced ejection fraction and for the treatment of chronic kidney disease.

The use of dapagliflozin 5 mg for the treatment of T1DM required specific additional risk minimisation measures for DKA, such as a patient alert card and a Health Care professional Guide. As a result of the dapagliflozin 5 mg T1DM indication removal, the additional risk minimisation measures will no longer be available.

## Call for reporting

Healthcare professionals should continue to report adverse reactions associated with the use of dapagliflozin in accordance with the national spontaneous reporting system. Report forms can be downloaded from www.medicinesauthority.gov.mt/adrportal and posted to Postlicensing directorate, Medicines Authority, Sir Temi Żammit Buildings, Malta Life Sciences Park, San Gwann SGN 3000, Malta or sent by email to postlicensing.medicinesauthority@gov.mt.

## Company contact point

If you require any further information, please contact AstraZeneca Medical Information and Patient Safety at:

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Best Regards,


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