
Methylprednisolone injections containing lactose must not be given to patients allergic to cow's milk proteins

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Information on Methylprednisolone

- Methylprednisolone is a corticosteroid. Corticosteroids are anti-inflammatory medicines used to control the immune system (the body's natural defences) when it is overactive, as in allergic conditions.
- Injectable methylprednisolone products are used to treat the symptoms of severe allergic reactions and other inflammatory conditions.
- Some methylprednisolone products that contain lactose (milk sugar) derived from cows' milk and hence can contain traces of cows' milk proteins.
- Methylprednisolone-containing medicines have been authorised by national procedures for use by injection into a vein or muscle and have been available for many years in the EU under a variety of brand names including Solu-Medrol.

In Malta methylprednisolone containing products are authorised through various licensing procedures (refer to the [Malta Medicines List](#)), however Solu-Medrone 40 mg [UK MHRA no: PL 00057/1045] procured by the Central Procurement and Supplies Unit (CPSU) is the only methylprednisolone containing product that contains lactose currently being used in Malta.

Current formulations containing lactose will be replaced with lactose-free formulations

The Co-ordination Group for Mutual Recognition and Decentralised Procedures – Human (CMDh) has endorsed the recommendation of European Medicines Agency's Pharmacovigilance Risk Assessment Committee (PRAC) that **methylprednisolone injections containing lactose (milk sugar), which potentially contain traces of cow's milk proteins, must not be used in patients with a known or suspected allergy to the proteins in cow's milk.**

- The review of these medicines was triggered following reports of serious allergic reactions such as bronchospasm (excessive contraction of the airway muscles causing breathing difficulty) and anaphylaxis (sudden severe allergic reaction) with these medicines in patients allergic to cow's milk proteins.
- The review found that methylprednisolone injections containing lactose derived from cow's milk may also contain traces of cow's milk proteins which can trigger allergic reactions.
- This is of particular concern in patients already being treated for an allergic reaction as they are more prone to developing new allergic reactions. In this case it may be difficult to determine

whether the patient's symptoms are due to a new allergic reaction caused by methylprednisolone products containing lactose or due to a worsening of the original condition. This may lead to additional doses being given which will further worsen the patient's condition.

- No level of cow's milk proteins that can be considered safe for these medicines when used to treat severe allergic reactions. Considering that methylprednisolone is used for the treatment of severe allergic reactions in an emergency setting where details of the patients' allergies may not always be known.
- The most effective way of minimising any risks is to remove cow's milk proteins from the preparation. Companies have been asked to provide data allowing the replacement of formulations containing lactose from cow's milk; this data should be provided by the middle of 2019.
- In the meantime, the product information will be revised to reflect that methylprednisolone injections containing lactose must not be given to patients allergic to cow's milk proteins. In addition, the vial and packaging of these medicines will be clearly marked with a warning against use in patients with cow's milk allergy.

The review was first carried out by the PRAC (the Committee responsible for the evaluation of safety issues for human medicines). The PRAC made a set of recommendations that were sent to CMDh, a body is responsible for ensuring harmonised safety standards for medicines authorised via national procedures across the EU/EEA. The CMDh adopted its position by consensus, so the measures recommended by the PRAC will be directly implemented by the Member States where the medicines are authorised, according to an agreed timetable.

In Malta

For Healthcare Professionals

- Methylprednisolone injections containing lactose of bovine origin are now contraindicated in patients known or suspected to be allergic to cow's milk proteins.
- Lactose of bovine origin is used as an excipient in some injectable methylprednisolone-containing products. These products may also contain trace amounts of milk proteins, which can trigger an allergic reaction in patients allergic to cow's milk proteins.
- Serious allergic reactions, including bronchospasm and anaphylaxis, were reported in patients allergic to cow's milk proteins who were treated for acute allergic conditions with these medicines.
- Patients being treated for an allergic reaction with these products should have their treatment stopped if their symptoms worsen or they develop new symptoms as these could be signs of an allergic reaction to cow's milk proteins.
- Allergy to cow's milk proteins affects a small percentage of the population (up to 3 people in 100) and should not be confused with lactose intolerance which is a separate condition. • For patients allergic to cow's milk protein who require methylprednisolone, consider preparations that do not contain lactose or use alternative treatments.
- Companies have been asked to take steps by 2019 to replace current formulations containing lactose with lactose-free formulations

A direct health care professional communication (DHPC) was issued by the CPSU to inform doctors and other healthcare professional on this safety issue

Information for Patients

- If you are allergic or suspected to be allergic to the proteins in cow's milk, you must not receive methylprednisolone injections containing lactose. This is because these products could contain traces of cow's milk proteins, which can cause serious allergic reactions in patients allergic to cow's milk.
- If you are being treated for an allergic reaction with these products and your symptoms worsen, your doctor will stop your treatment.
- If you are allergic to cow's milk proteins and you require methylprednisolone, your doctor will use a methylprednisolone medicine that does not contain lactose or use an alternative medicine.
- Allergy to cow's milk proteins affects a small percentage of the population (up to 3 people in 100) and is different from lactose intolerance where the body cannot easily digest lactose.
- Tell your doctor if you have or suspect you have an allergy to cow's milk proteins.
- If you have any questions or concerns, speak with your doctor or pharmacist.

The recommendations above are based on analyses of spontaneous reports of suspected adverse effects and a review of published literature. Most cases of allergic reactions occurred in patients under 12 years of age. In some of the reported cases the adverse reaction was misinterpreted as a lack of therapeutic effect, leading to re-administration of methylprednisolone and subsequent worsening of the patient's clinical condition. It is considered that allergic conditions, such as asthma exacerbation, may increase susceptibility to allergic reactions to cow's milk proteins in methylprednisolone products containing lactose of bovine origin.

For more information refer to the [EMA press release](#)

Reporting Adverse Drug Reactions

Healthcare professionals and patients are encouraged to maintain vigilance on methylprednisolone containing products. Suspected Adverse Drug Reactions (side effects) may be reported using the Medicines Authority Form (available from: <http://www.medicinesauthority.gov.mt/adrportal>) and sent by mail to Medicines Authority, Sir Temi Żammit Buildings, Malta Life Sciences Park, San Ġwann SĠN 3000 or email to postlicensing.medicinesauthority@gov.mt or to the marketing authorisation holder or their local representatives.

Post-Licensing Directorate Medicines Authority

Healthcare professionals and patients are encouraged to regularly check the Medicines Authority website for product safety updates as these are issued on an ongoing basis.

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Licensee

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necessary if posted in

Malta and Gozo

BUSINESS REPLY SERVICE

Licence no. 656

Pharmacovigilance Section

Post-Licensing Directorate

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