



Copyright © 2012 by Roche Products UK Limited.  
All rights reserved.

Keep this card with you for at least 3 months after your child's last RoActemra dose, since side effects could occur for some time after your last dose of RoActemra.

Doctor's Phone: \_\_\_\_\_

Doctor's Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Parent's/Guardian's Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Patient's Name: \_\_\_\_\_

\*Please make sure you also have a list of all your other medicines with you at any visit to a healthcare professional.

Most recent: \_\_\_\_\_

Start: \_\_\_\_\_

## Dates of RoActemra treatment:

# RoActemra (tocilizumab) Patient Alert Card

This patient alert card contains important safety information that you or parents/guardians need to be aware of before and during treatment with RoActemra.

- Show this card to any doctor involved in your/your child's care
- Read the *Patient Brochure - What you should know* and the RoActemra package leaflet for more information

RCUKACTE00636 Date of preparation: August 2012.

## Infections

---

RoActemra increases the risk of getting infections, which can become serious if not treated. In addition, some previous infections may reappear.

- You/your child should not be treated with RoActemra if you/they have a severe infection
- You/your child should have been screened for tuberculosis prior to treatment with RoActemra
- Talk to the doctor about any vaccinations you/your child may need before you/your child starts treatment with RoActemra
- You/your child should not be treated with RoActemra if you/they have an infection or signs of infections, including a head cold, fever, cough or headache or are feeling unwell. The infusion should be delayed until you/they are feeling better.

- Younger children with sJIA may be less able to communicate their symptoms, therefore parents/guardians of sJIA patients should contact their healthcare professional immediately when the child is unwell for no apparent reason
- Seek medical attention immediately if you/your child develops symptoms such as fever, persistent cough, weight loss, throat pain or soreness, wheezing, red or swollen skin blisters, tears, wounds, severe weakness or tiredness
- Tell the doctor if you/your child has hepatitis B or if you know or suspect you/they are a carrier of the hepatitis B virus

## Complications of Diverticulitis

---

Patients using RoActemra may develop complications of diverticulitis, which can become serious if not treated.

- Seek medical attention immediately if you/your child develops stomach pain, colic or notice blood in your/their stool